



WESTGATE ACADEMY ENGLISH CURRICULUM MAP - YEAR 3



TEXT TYPE COVERAGE

Year 3 will cover each of the following text types over the year. Where possible, they will link to the Topic learning for each term.

- Narrative
- Non-chronological reports
- Poetry
- Recount
- Persuasion
- Explanation
- Discussion
- Instructions

Take One Book Units – There will be at least three units per year where a book will become the stimulus for English learning. Children will practise vocabulary, grammar and punctuation skills throughout.

VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR AND PUNCTUATION

WORD	SENTENCE	TEXT	PUNCTUATION	TERMINOLOGY
Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes, such as <i>super-</i> , <i>anti-</i> , <i>auto-</i> . Use of the forms <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel (e.g. a rock, an open box). Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning (e.g. solve, solution, solver).	Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions (e.g. <i>when</i> , <i>before</i> , <i>after</i> , <i>while</i> , <i>so</i> , <i>because</i>), adverbs (e.g. <i>then</i> , <i>next</i> , <i>soon</i> , <i>therefore</i>), or prepositions (e.g. <i>before</i> , <i>after</i> , <i>during</i> , <i>in</i> , <i>because of</i>)	Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material. Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation. Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past (e.g. <i>He has gone out to play</i> contrasted with <i>He went out to play</i>).	Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.	adverb, preposition, conjunction, word family, prefix, clause, subordinate clause, direct speech, consonant, consonant letter, vowel, vowel letter, inverted commas (or 'speech marks')

SPELLING COVERAGE

- Revision of work from Years 1 and 2
- To understand root words
- Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable
- The /ɪ/ sound spelt y elsewhere than at the end of words
- The /ʌ/ sound spelt ou
- More prefixes
- The suffix -ly
- The suffix -ation
- Endings which sound like /ʒən/
- Endings which sound like /ʃən/, spelt -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian
- Words with the /eɪ/ sound spelt ei, eigh, or ey
- Homophones or near-homophones

YEAR 3 AND YEAR 4 STATUTORY WORD LIST

accident(ally)	certain	extreme	interest	particular	remember
actual(ly)	circle	famous	island	peculiar	sentence
address	complete	favourite	knowledge	perhaps	separate
answer	consider	February	learn	popular	special
appear	continue	forward(s)	length	position	straight
arrive	decide	fruit	library	possess(ion)	strange
believe	describe	grammar	material	possible	strength
bicycle	different	group	medicine	potatoes	suppose
breath	difficult	guard	mention	pressure	surprise
breathe	disappear	guide	minute	probably	therefore
build	early	heard	natural	promise	though/although
busy/business	earth	heart	naughty	purpose	thought
calendar	eight/eighth	height	notice	quarter	through
caught	enough	history	occasion(ally) often	question	various
centre	exercise	imagine	opposite	recent	weight
century	experience	increase	ordinary	regular	woman/women
	experiment	important		reign	